ERHS S	CIENCE
MARINE	SCIENCE

CHAI	PTERS	28	3 STI	IDY	GUIDE
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Be able to define & know the marine science significance of the following:

ocean basin		ocean ridge	transform	subduction
trench		mantle	fault	subduction
continental	۵	core	normal	zone
		asthenosphere	(converging)	hot spot
continental		lithosphere	fault	convection
sheif		continental	reverse	currents
continental		crust	(diverging)	epicenter
slope	0	oceanic crust	fault	distilling
submarine		isostacy	magma	
canyon		plate tectonics	lava	

UNDERSTAND & BE ABLE TO EXPLAIN THE FOLOWING CONCEPTS:

Age of the Earth

Relationship of the rocky and gaseous planets

Erosion and its effects on Earth.

A general view of the layers of Earth

Relative densities of continents and ocean crusts

Alfred Wegener's influence on global studies (What evidence did he use)

Bullard's contribution.

The Theory of Plate Tectonics

Where/how is new crust formed? Where/how is crust destroyed? What happens when two plates run into each other?

What are HOT SPOTS? Examples

What are island arc volcanoes and how do they differ from hot spots?

Where is the deepest place on earth? What is the relationship between that place as compared to the highest (Everest).

What ocean is growing? Which one is shrinking?

Be able to label a diagram of the shoreline (shelf, slope, rise...)

Be able to label a diagram of the major ocean/continental features like you did in CH 3 worksheet.

Be able to label major oceanic features like you did in CH 2 Reading guide (MAJOR FEATURES!!!! -I Won't ask for Kermadec Tonga Trench and thinks like that; but you should know continents, Mariana, Mid-Atlantic Ridge, The Oceans...)

IN OTHER WORDS... READ YOUR TEXT, LOOK AT YOUR NOTES, STUDY YOUR HANDOUTS... AND YOU WILL DO WELL!

P.S. If we did an activity (LIKE A LAB), it's of course a good idea to make sure you understand it. incase I give you some sample data and ask you to interpret