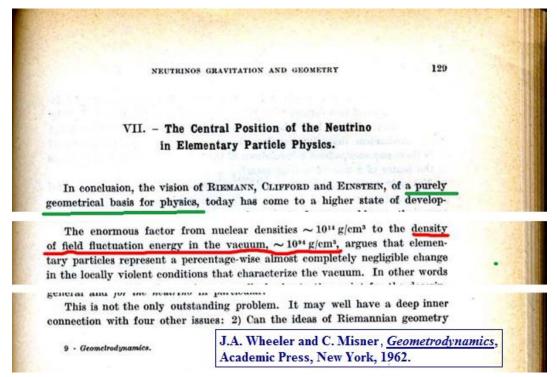
## **Geometrodynamics**

## written by Hamid - February 2017



J. A. Wheeler and C. Misner, <u>Geometrodynamics</u>, Academic Press, New York, 1962. https://postimg.org/image/tyahfjipx

In the twentieth century, the endeavors of scientists were based on this subject that a **unifying theory** to be presented for reconciling two incompatible but important and obviously successful theories of twentieth century, one is **the theory of general relativity** which describes the very large-scale structure of space-time, and the other is **the theory of quantum mechanics** which describes the atomic and subatomic structures at very small-scales.

In order to reconcile or combine the two aforementioned theories, it has been concluded as well if a theory could prove that also gravity similar to the other three fundamental forces in nature has a quantum structure, in that case it can be remembered as the "Theory of Everything, TOE". In the twentieth century several theories on this basis, namely Quantum Gravity, have been developed by theoretical physicists as the candidate for "theory of everything". These theories, including different types of String Theory, M-Theory and Loop Quantum Gravity, in addition to having considerable ambiguities still have not been confirmed experimentally. Geometrodynamics, as John Archibald Wheeler's interpretation of physical phenomena is an attempt to describe space-time and associated phenomena completely in terms of geometry. In fact and in short, Wheeler (July 9, 1911 – April 13, 2008) wanted to reduce physics to geometry. Did he succeed to prove his theory? I don't know.

As the result of my researches, <u>proof of quantum gravity</u> and <u>proof of Aether's existence</u> are mathematically possible. These proofs, which have a geometrical basis, are realized by using *the Gaussian Normal Distribution* and consequently, by understanding **Quantum Geometry** and also **Exact Planck Length**. The latter is the only plausible *natural unit*.

## Note:

This writing has been published for the first time in <u>Toquest.com</u> on October 19, 2016. The Persian version of this writing is <u>available here</u>.