## SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports

June 30, 2012

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Executive Board Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization Bisbee, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the SEAGO's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of SEAGO, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 8, 2013, on our consideration of SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

SEAGO has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise SEAGO's financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

February 8, 2013

Colly & Powell

## SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,053,072
Due from other governments	675,887
Other receivables	42,137
Prepaid expenses	6,274
Capital assets, not being depreciated	25,825
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	370,760
Total assets	2,173,955
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	440,732
Accrued expenses	20,260
Due to grantor	18,378
Compensated absences payable	31,067
Total liabilities	510,437
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	396,585
Restricted	,
Aging	18,378
Unrestricted	1,248,555
Total net assets	\$ 1,663,518

# SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Ë	F	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Net
			Progra	riogram Kevenue	Assets
		Indirect Expenses	Charges for	Operating Grants and	
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Allocation	Services	Contributions	Total
Primary government:					
Governmental activities					
Aging programs	\$ 2,593,477	\$ 60,860	↔	\$ 2,653,906	\$ (431)
Economic and environmental planning	558,576	71,345	•	591,373	(38,548)
Transportation	177,776	18,081	1	189,647	(6,210)
Community development	122,090	30,270	151,241	13,300	12,181
Housing	70,166	10,385	1	57,730	(22,821)
Management and general	245,762	(190,941)	,		(54,821)
Total governmental activities	3,767,847	ŧ	151,241	3,505,956	(110,650)
Ge	General revenue:				
,	Assessment income	me			70,317
	Other income				10,950
	Interest income				922
	Total general revenue	revenue			82,189
,	Change in net assets	assets			(28,461)
	Net assets, July 1, 2011	1, 2011			1,691,979
•	iver assets, Julie 50, 2012	50, 2012			\$ 1,663,518

# SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Balance Sheet June 30, 2012

1 Total 1 Governmental Funds	\$ 1,053,072 675,887 150,633 42,137 6,274	\$ 1,928,003	\$ 440,732 20,260 18,378 150,633	630,003	6,274 18,378 1,273,348		<b>∽</b>
Economic and Environmental Planning	63,159	\$ 63,159	552 3,068 - 61,362	64,982	- (1,823)	(1,823)	\$ 63,159
CDBG	47,518 71,559	119,077	340	2,241	- - 116,836	116,836	119,077
ĺ	↔	∞∥	↔				↔
Transportation	79,767	79,767	10,380 1,877 - 89,271	101,528	(21,761)	(21,761)	79,767
Tr		↔					↔
Rural Home Ownership	594,901	607,598	307	1,344	- 606,254	606,254	607,598
Ru	↔	↔	↔				€5
Area Agency on Aging	149,120 448,705 - 37,121 23	634,969	426,513 3,942 18,378	448,833	23 18,378 167,735	186,136	634,969
Are	<del>69</del>	↔	↔				↔
General Fund	261,533 - 150,633 5,016 6,251	423,433	2,640 8,435	11,075	6,251	412,358	423,433
Ger	↔	S	€				8
	Assets  Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other governments  Due from other funds  Other receivables  Prepaid expenses	TOTAL ASSETS	Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to grantor Due to other funds	Total liabilities	Fund balances Unspendable Restricted Unassigned	Total fund balances	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

Fund balances - Total governmental funds

\$ 1,298,000

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Governmental capital assets
Less accumulated depreciation
Capital assets used in governmental activities

396,585

582,734

(186,149)

Some liabilites are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Compensated absences

(31,067)

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ 1,663,518

## Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2012 SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION

Вотопнос	General Fund	Area Agency on Aging	/ Rural Home Ownership	Transportation	Community Development Block Grant	Economic and Environmental Planning	Total Governmental Funds
Grant revenue	· ·	906 259 6 \$	022 25 9	180 647	· · ·	101	
Indirect charges	197,637		<del>)</del>	150,041	000,51	5/5,190	5,505,956
Fee for services	. 1	ı	1	ı	151 241	1 1	151,037
Local government assessments	70,317	ı	•	ı	-	ı 1	151,241
Other	1,151	6,475	5 250	1	,	3.074	10.917
Interest	809	1		1	1	35	666,53
Total revenues	269,713	2,660,38	1 58,259	189,647	164,541	594,482	3,937,023
Expenditures Current							
Aging programs	1	2,637,53]	-	ı	1	ı	7 637 531
Economic and environmental planning	•		ı	ı	1	628.204	628 204
Housing programs	1	1	80,551	ı	1		80 551
Management and general	242,272	1	. '	ī	1	1	242,231
Transportation	1	1	ı	195,120	ı	ı	195 120
Community Development	1	•	ſ		152,469	•	152,469
Total expenditures	242,272	2,637,53	1 80,551	195,120	152,469	628,204	3,936,147
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	27,441	22,850	0_ (22,292)	(5,473)	12,072	(33,722)	876
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfer in	i	1	1	,	1	35 357	75 35
Transfer out	(35,357)	•	1	1	1		(35,357)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(35,357)	1		1	1	35,357	(10,00)
Net change in fund balances	(7,916)	22,850	0 (22,292)	(5,473)	12,072	1,635	876
Fund balances, July 1, 2011	420,274	163,286	6 628,546	(16,288)	104,764	(3,458)	1,297,124
FUND BALANCES, June 30, 2012	\$ 412,358	\$ 186,136	6 \$ 606,254	\$ (21,761)	\$ 116,836	\$ (1,823)	\$ 1,298,000

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2012

## Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Current year depreciation Current year depreciation (30,794) Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absenses

\$ (28,461)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of SEAGO's more significant accounting policies follows.

## A. Reporting Entity

SEAGO is a governmental entity which represents the local governmental units in Cochise, Graham, Greenlee and Santa Cruz Counties, Arizona. The Organization aids local governments in planning and administering federal and state grants. In addition, the Organization assumes direct responsibility for the delivery of certain grant services.

## B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on SEAGO as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements provide information about the primary government. The statements include a statement of net assets and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenue.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenue include:

- Charges to customers or applicants for goods or services
- Operating grants and contributions

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

**Fund financial statements** provide information about SEAGO's funds. The emphases of fund financial statements are on major governmental funds and are displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

SEAGO reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is SEAGO's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Area Agency on Aging Fund accounts for area agency on aging pass-through funding to local senior centers and related programs.

The Rural Home Ownership Fund is a state funded program to provide down payments to lower income families to purchase homes.

The Transportation Fund provides transportation planning, grants, and other services for communities within the region.

The Community Development Block Grant Fund provides technical assistance, planning, administration, and other services for communities within the region.

The Economic and Environmental Planning Fund provides economical and environmental planning, grants, and other services for communities within the region.

## C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when measurable and available. The Organization considers all revenue reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenue is collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## D. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the government-wide and fund statements, "Cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less.

## E. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	•	talization reshold	Depreciation  Method	Estimated Useful Life
Furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements	\$	5,000 5,000	Straight-line Straight-line	3-10 years 40 years

## F. Compensated absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave.

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year-end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave hours. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

## G. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

## H. Budgetary Comparison

SEAGO is not legally required to adopt a budget for the general or major funds, and therefore budgetary comparison information is not included in this report.

## I. Indirect Expenses

Expenses that cannot be specifically associated with a single program are allocated to the funds based upon an estimated percentage of use of the resource by each fund.

## J. Fund Balance Reporting

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 requires fund balances to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- 1. *Nonspendable* fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned),
- 2. Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution provisions or enabling legislation, or external resource providers,
- 3. *Committed* fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Organization's Executive Board,
- 4. Assigned fund balances are intended to be used by the Organization for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and
- 5. *Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the Organization's governmental funds and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications.

The Organization's policy for committed fund balances is through formal Organizational resolutions passed through the executive board. The process of rescinding a committed fund balance requires the same process.

The Organization's policy for assigned fund balances is through motions passed by the executive board. Assigned fund balances do not require a formal resolution.

When expenditures incur for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, the Organization's policy is to apply the expenditure first to restricted, and then to unrestricted in the following order of committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

## *NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS*

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the Organization to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; U.S. Treasury obligations; specified state and local government bonds; and interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories. The statutes require collateral for demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements at 101 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance.

The Organization has not formally adopted deposit and investment policies that limit the Organization's allowable deposits or investments and address the specific types of risk to which the Organization is exposed.

Deposits – At June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of SEAGO's total cash in bank was \$290,462 and the bank balance was \$296,328. Of the bank balance \$296,328 was covered by federal depository insurance.

*Investments* – At June 30, 2012, the investments consisted of the following.

Investment	Credit	Reported	Fair
Investment	Rating	Amount	Value
Arizona LGIP Pool 7	Unrated	\$ 762,610	\$ 762,610

## NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2011	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2012
Governmental activities:				Military and the second
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 25,825	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,825
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	148,629	-	-	148,629
Leasehold improvements	261,934	-	-	261,934
Building	146,347			146,347_
Total	556,910	-	-	556,910
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and equipment	(102,969)	(13,332)	-	(116,301)
Leasehold improvements	(52,387)	(17,462)	-	(69,849)
Building	_	<u>-</u>	-	-
Total	(155,356)	(30,794)	-	(186,150)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	803,108	(61,588)	_	370,760
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 803,108	\$ (61,588)	\$ -	\$ 396,585

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

## Governmental activities:

Aging programs	\$ 17,462
Economic and environmental planning	1,936
Transportation	846
Management and general	10,550
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 30,794

## NOTE 4 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

*Vacation* – Each employee is entitled to annual vacation time based upon the number of years of employment. An employee is entitled to receive compensation for any unused/unpaid vacation time upon termination of employment. A summary of changes in the liability for compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2012, follows:

Balance at July 1, 2011	\$ 32,524
Additions to compensated absences	28,001
Reductions to compensated absences	(29,458)
	-
Balance at June 30, 2012	\$ 31,067

## NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2012, were as follows:

	<u>P</u>	ayable to
Payable from	Ge	neral Fund
Transportation	\$	89,271
Economic and Environmental Planning		61,362
	\$	150,633

Interfund receivables and payable above were necessary in order to fund the ongoing activities of the grant programs in current and prior periods.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

	Transfer to
	Economic and
	Environmental
Transfer From	Planning
General fund	\$ 35,357

Interfund transfer from the General Fund to Economic and Environmental Planning Fund was to comply with matching funds requirement of a grant contract.

## *NOTE 6 – CONTINGENT LIABILITY*

SEAGO participates, as both a pass-through and a contractor, in several programs administered by federal and state agencies. Programs included in these financial statements may be subject to program compliance and/or financial monitoring by the granting agencies or representatives. Accordingly, the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time.

## NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

SEAGO is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, civil rights violations, and other natural disasters. The Organization carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## *NOTE 8 – CONCENTRATIONS*

Although SEAGO administers multiple government grant programs, SEAGO depends on one contract for approximately 76% of its grant revenue and 67% of total revenue included in these financial statements. This revenue source is from the Aging and Adult Administration contract with the Arizona Department of Economic Security. Decreases in funding or discontinuance of this program in future years may have a significant effect upon the operations of the Organization.

## NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN

The Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers general employees of SEAGO. The ASRS is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2.

The plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. A report may be obtained by writing or calling the following:

ASRS 3300 N. Central Ave. P.O. Box 33910 Phoenix, AZ 85067-3910 (602) 240-2000 or (800) 621-3778

Funding Policy—The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and SEAGO's contribution rates.

Cost-sharing plans – For the year ended June 30, 2012, active ASRS members and SEAGO were each required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.74 percent (10.50 percent retirement and 0.24 percent long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. SEAGO's contributions to ASRS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$60,948, \$68,232, and \$51,144, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for the year.

## SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed through the Arizona Department of Economic Security Aging Cluster			
Special Programs for the AgingTitle III, Part B			
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	DE1 11040 001	421.006
Special Programs for the AgingTitle III, Part C	93.044	DE1-11040-001	421,096
Nutrition Services	93.045	DE1-11040-001	605 772
Nutrution Services Incentive Program	93.043	DE1-11040-001	605,773 84,955
Nutration Services incentive Program	93.033	DE1-11040-001	84,933
Total Aging Cluster			1,111,824
Special Programs for the Aging-Title VII, Chapter 2-Long			
Term Care Ombudsman Services For Older Individuals	93.042	DE1-11040-001	18,071
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part D-Disease			,
Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043	DE1-11040-001	24,661
ARRA Special Programs for the AgingTitle IV			,
and Title IIDiscretionary Projects	93.048		_
National Family Caregiver Support	93.052	DE1-11040-001	158,609
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	DE1-11040-001	732,434
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Servies (CMS) Recearch,			
Demonstrations and Evaluations	93.779	DE1-11040-001	62,541
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,108,140
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed through the Arizona Department of Transportation			
Transit Services Programs Cluster			
Capital Assistance Program for Elderly Persons			
and Persons with Disabilities	20.513	T07-49-C0021	38,177
Job Access_Reverse Commute	20.516	T07-49-C0021	5,580
New Freedom Program	20.521	T07-49-C0021	1,961
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster			45,718
Metropolitan Transportation Planning	20.505	T07-49-C0021	10,636
Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas	20.509	T07-49-C0021	18,373
ARRA Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	T07-49-C0021	114,921
Total Department of Transportation			189,648

## SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards-continued

Year Ended June 30, 2012

U.S. Department of Labor  Passed through the National Association of Regional Councils  ARRA Program of competitive Grants for Worker Training and Placement in High Growth and Emerging Industry Sectors  17.275  EV05-0044  Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  Passed through the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality  ARRA Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants  66.460	493,192
ARRA Program of competitive Grants for Worker Training and Placement in High Growth and Emerging Industry Sectors  17.275  EV05-0044  Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  Passed through the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality  ARRA Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants  66.460  -	493,192
Placement in High Growth and Emerging Industry Sectors 17.275 EV05-0044  Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  Passed through the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality  ARRA Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants 66.460 -	493,192
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  Passed through the Arizona Department of Enviornmental Quality  ARRA Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants  66.460	493,192
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  Passed through the Arizona Department of Enviornmental Quality  ARRA Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants 66.460 -	
Passed through the Arizona Department of Enviornmental Quality  ARRA Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants  66.460	493,192
ARRA Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants 66.460	
ARRA Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants 66.460	
	13,924
ARRA Water Quality Management Planning 66.454 EV09-0150	9,257
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	23,181
U.S. Department of Commerce	
Economic Development_Support for Planning Organizations 11.302 07-83-06469-01	75,000
Total U.S. Department of Commerce	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total C.S. Department of Commerce	75,000
U.S. Department of Treasury	
Passed through the Arizona Department of Housing	
National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling Service 21.000 327-08	25,350
Total U.S. Department of Treasury	25,350
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	
Passed through the Arizona Department of Commerce	
Housing Counseling Assistance Program 14.169 HC06-0998-032	22,295
Passed through the Arizona Department of Housing	
Community Development Block Grant/State's Program and	
Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii 14.228 325-06A	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	86,973
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS \$ 3,	86,973 109,268

## SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2012

## *NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION*

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OBM Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

## NOTE 2 – CATALOG OF FEDERAL DOMESTIC ASSISTANCE (CFDA) NUMBER

The program titles and CFDA numbers were obtained from the federal or pass-through grantor or the 2012 Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance.



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## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Executive Board Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization Bisbee, Arizona

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise SEAGO's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Management of the SEAGO is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a material weakness. 12-1

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the SEAGO's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standard*.

SEAGO's response to the findings indentified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and question costs. We did not audit SEAGO's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Executive Board, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 8, 2013

Cally + Powell

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## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Executive Board Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization Bisbee, Arizona

## Compliance

We have audited the Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the SEAGO's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The SEAGO's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the SEAGO's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the SEAGO's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the SEAGO's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the SEAGO's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, SEAGO, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

## **Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the SEAGO is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the SEAGO's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The SEAGO's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The SEAGO's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the SEAGO's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Executive Board, and federal awarding agencies is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 8, 2013

Colly + Powell

## SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMNETS ORGANIZATION Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2012

## Section 1 – Summary of Auditors' Results

$\boldsymbol{F}$	inancial Statements	
1.	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqualified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:	1
	a. Material weaknesses?	Yes
	b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
	c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No
F	ederal Awards	
1.	Internal control over major programs:	
	a. Material weaknesses identified?	No
	b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material	
	weaknesses?	No
2.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular OMB A-133, Section 510 (a)?	No
4.	Identification of major programs:	
	Name of Federal Program	CFDA Number
	Aging Cluster:	
	Special Programs for the Aging—Title III, Part B—	93.044
	Grants for Supportive services and Senior Center	
	Special Programs for the Aging—Title III, Part C—	93.045
	Nutrition Services	93.053
	Social Services Block Grant	93.667
	ARRA-Progam of competitive Grants for Worker Training	
	and Placement in High Growth and Emerging Industry	
	Sectors	17.275
5.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B	
_	programs:	\$ 300,000
6.	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under OMB Circular A-133, Section 530?	No

## SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMNETS ORGANIZATION Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs-continued June 30, 2012

## Financial Statement Findings

## Item: 12-01 Preparation of the working trial balance

Condition/Context: The Organization did not reconcile bank accounts on a timely basis.

Criteria: Reconciliation of bank accounts is a fundamental procedure in internal

controls over cash receipting and disbursements.

Cause: The Organization had ineffective policies and procedures over cash to

ensure that reconciliations were completed in a timely manner.

Effect: Not reconciling bank accounts on a timely basis could result in errors or

other problems that would not be detected by management.

Recommendation: We recommend the Organization implement policies and procedures over

bank account reconciliations to ensure they are completed in a timely

manner.

Response: Management agrees with this finding.

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

## SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMNETS ORGANIZATION Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2012

The status of audit findings from the prior year is as follows:

Item: 11-01 Preparation of the working trial balance

Condition: The Organization did not have

The Organization did not have a complete and accurate working trial balance prior

to the start of the audit.

Status: A similar finding was noted for 2012 as item 12-01.

Item: 11-02 Internal Control over Revenue Recognition

Condition: WE noted during our audit that some prior year receipts of payments did not meet

the recognition criteria as revenue and were incorrectly recorded as revenue.

Status: No similar finding was noted for 2012.

Finding 11-03 – Grant Reimbursement Requests (Non-Major Program)

Federal Agency: US Department of Commerce

Program: Economic Development \_ Support for Planning Organizations

CDFA#: 11.302

Condition: During the course of our audit we noted that two reimbursement requests

submitted to the same granting agency contained the same expenditures.

Status: No similar finding was noted for 2012.