Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports June 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Executive Board Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization Bisbee, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise SEAGO's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of SEAGO, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of SEAGO's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability – Cost-Sharing Plans on page 27and the Schedule of SEAGO's Pension/OPEB Contributions on page 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise SEAGO's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 19, 2021, on our consideration of SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Colby + Powell
March 19, 2021

SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,697,524
Due from other governments	837,147
Prepaid expenses	1,138
Net other postemployment benefits asset	1,747
Capital assets, not being depreciated	25,825
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	289,835
Total assets	2,853,216
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	
and other postemployment benefits	128,509
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	624,950
Accrued expenses	51,922
Compensated absences payable	46,066
Noncurrent liability	
Net pension liability	901,885
Total liabilities	1,624,823
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	
and other postempoyment benefits	62,282
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	315,660
Restricted for:	
Area Agency on Aging	234,899
Housing	548,225
CDBG	405,890
Unrestricted	(210,054)
Total net position	\$ 1,294,620

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

						Program Revenu	es		Re Cha	t (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Position
		1	Indirect	(Charges	Operating Grants and		apital		
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Expenses Ses Allocation		for Services		Contributions Contributions	Grants and Contributions			Total
Primary government:										
Governmental activities										
Aging programs	\$ 2,936,818	\$	99,146	\$	76,750	\$ 2,971,727	\$	-	\$	12,513
Economic and environmental planning	112,404		20,889		-	81,163				(52,130)
Transportation	427,070		72,565		22,588	476,007		-		(1,040)
Community development	76,701		18,742		203,665	7,790		-		116,012
Housing	-		-		-	-		-		-
Management and general	212,013		(211,342)		-			-		(671)
Total governmental activities	3,765,006		-		303,003	3,536,687		-		74,684
	Seneral revenues									
	Assessment inco	ome								79,100
	Interest income									25,694
	Gain on investm		NIOG							9,032 113,826
	Total general Change in net									188,510
	Net position, be									1,106,110
	Net position, en	_							\$	1,294,620

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Ge	neral Fund	ea Agency on Aging	Housing	Tra	nsportation	CDBG	Env	nomic and ironmental Planning	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	475,461	\$ 307,478	\$ 548,225	\$	-	\$ 366,360	\$	-	\$	1,697,524
Due from other governments		-	547,429	-		172,152	39,664		77,902		837,147
Due from other funds		292,838	-	-		-	-		-		292,838
Prepaid expenses		341	 	 		797					1,138
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	768,640	\$ 854,907	\$ 548,225	\$	172,949	\$ 406,024	\$	77,902	\$	2,828,647
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	568	\$ 619,971	\$ -	\$	3,855	\$ 61	\$	495	\$	624,950
Accrued expenses		51,604	37	-		128	73		80		51,922
Due to other funds			 	 		174,544	 		118,294		292,838
Total liabilities		52,172	620,008			178,527	134		118,869		969,710
Fund balances											
Nonspendable		293,179	-	-		-	-		-		293,179
Restricted		_	234,899	548,225		-	405,890		-		1,189,014
Unassigned		423,289	 _	 -		(5,578)	 		(40,967)		376,744
Total fund balances		716,468	234,899	 548,225		(5,578)	405,890		(40,967)		1,858,937
TOTAL LIABILITIES											
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	768,640	\$ 854,907	\$ 548,225	\$	172,949	\$ 406,024	\$	77,902	\$	2,828,647

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 1,858,937
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities	
are not financial resources and therefore, are	
not reported in the funds.	315,660
Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits	
are not available for operations and therefore	
are not reported in the funds.	1,747
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities	
and compensated absences are not due and	
payable in the current period and, therefore,	
are not reported as a liability in the funds.	(947,951)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources	
related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future	
reporting periods and, therefore, are not	
reported in the funds.	 66,227
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,294,620

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Ger	neral Fund	rea Agency on Aging	1	Housing	Trai	nsportation	Dev	ommunity velopment ock Grant	Envi	nomic and ironmental lanning	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues													
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 2,970,877	\$	-	\$	476,007	\$	7,790	\$	81,163	\$	3,535,837
Indirect charges		214,068	-		-		-		-		-		214,068
Fee for services		-	76,750		-		22,588		203,665		-		303,003
Local government assessments		79,100	-		-		-		-		_		79,100
Other		-	850		-		-		-		_		850
Interest		25,694	-		-		=		=		-		25,694
Gain on investment		9,032	 										9,032
Total revenues		327,894	3,048,477		-		498,595		211,455		81,163		4,167,584
Expenditures													
Current													
Aging programs		-	2,996,278		-		-		-		-		2,996,278
Economic and environmental planning		-	-		-		-		-		125,513		125,513
Housing		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Management and general		190,226	-		-		-		-		_		190,226
Transportation		-	-		-		495,098		-		=		495,098
Community development		-					-		91,508		_		91,508
Total expenditures		190,226	 2,996,278		_		495,098		91,508		125,513		3,898,623
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over (under) expenditures		137,668	52,199				3,497		119,947		(44,350)		268,961
Other financing sources (uses)													
Transfer in		_	-		_		-		_		34,170		34,170
Transfer out		(30,960)	(662)		_		(1,375)		(1,173)		_		(34,170)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(30,960)	(662)		-		(1,375)		(1,173)		34,170		
Net change in fund balances		106,708	51,537		-		2,122		118,774		(10,180)		268,961
Fund balances, Beginning		609,760	183,362		548,225		(7,700)		287,116		(30,787)		1,589,976
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	716,468	\$ 234,899	\$	548,225	\$	(5,578)	\$	405,890	\$	(40,967)	\$	1,858,937

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ 268,961
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Activities are different because:		
Covernmental funda noment comital outlave as even ditures		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of		
those assets is allocated over their estimated useful		
lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
		(20,800)
Current year depreciation expense		(29,899)
Pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures		
in the governmental funds when made. However,		
they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in		
the Statement of Net Position because the reported net		
pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the		
report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in		
the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred		
outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/		
OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.		
SEAGO pension/OPEB contributions	79,625	
Pension expense	(107,244)	
		(27,619)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities		
do not require the use of current financial resources		
and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.		
Increase in compensated absences payable		(22,933)
mercase in compensated absences payable		
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 188,510

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of SEAGO's more significant accounting policies follows.

A. Reporting Entity

SEAGO is a governmental entity which represents the local governmental units in Cochise, Graham, Greenlee and Santa Cruz Counties, Arizona. SEAGO aids local governments in planning and administering federal and state grants. In addition, the SEAGO assumes direct responsibility for the delivery of certain grant services.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on SEAGO as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements provide information about the primary government. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenue.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenue include:

- Charges to customers or applicants for goods or services
- Operating grants and contributions

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Fund financial statements provide information about SEAGO's funds. The emphases of fund financial statements are on major governmental funds and are displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

SEAGO reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is SEAGO's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Area Agency on Aging Fund accounts for area agency on aging pass-through funding for senior related programs within the region.

The **Housing Fund** provides mortgage counseling to purchase or refinance homes for families within the region.

The Transportation Fund provides transportation planning, grant application assistance and other services for communities within the region.

The Community Development Block Grant Fund provides technical assistance, planning, administration, and other services for communities within the region.

The **Economic and Environmental Planning Fund** provides economic and environmental planning and other services for communities within the region.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when measurable and available. SEAGO considers all revenue reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenue is collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

D. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the government-wide and fund statements, "Cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less.

E. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capi	talization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold		Method	Useful Life
Land	\$	5,000	Not depreciated	N/A
Buildings		5,000	Straight-line	15-40 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	Straight-line	3-10 years
Leasehold improvements		5,000	Straight-line	15-40 years

F. Compensated absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave.

Employees may earn vacation hours depending on years of service. Any vacation hours in excess of 240 hours unused at year-end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, up to 160 hours of vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave hours. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

G. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

H. Budgetary Comparison

SEAGO is not legally required to adopt a budget for the general or major funds, and therefore budgetary comparison information is not included in this report.

I. Indirect Expenses

Expenses that cannot be specifically associated with a single program are allocated to the funds based upon an estimated percentage of use of the resource by each fund.

J. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Fund Balance Reporting

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 requires fund balances to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- 1. *Nonspendable* fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned),
- 2. Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution provisions or enabling legislation, or external resource providers,
- 3. *Committed* fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of SEAGO's Executive Board,
- 4. Assigned fund balances are intended to be used by SEAGO for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

L. Fund Balance Reporting - Continued

5. *Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for SEAGO's governmental funds and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications.

SEAGO's policy for committed fund balances is through formal organizational resolutions passed through the executive board. The process of rescinding a committed fund balance requires the same process.

SEGO's policy for assigned fund balances is through motions passed by the executive board. Assigned fund balances do not require a formal resolution.

When expenditures incur for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, SEAGO's policy is to apply the expenditure first to restricted, and then to unrestricted in the following order of committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize SEAGO to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, SEAGO may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

SEAGO has not formally adopted deposit and investment policies that limit the Organization's allowable deposits or investments and address the specific types of risk to which SEAGO is exposed.

Deposits – At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of SEAGO's total cash in bank was \$195,230 and the bank balance was \$256,964. Of the bank balance \$137,756 was covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments – At June 30, 2020, the investments consisted of the following.

	Credit	Reported	Fair
Investment	Rating	Amount	Value
Arizona LGIP Pool 700	Unrated	\$ 1,503,754	\$1,503,754

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from other governments consist of reimbursable grants and contracts entered into with federal, state and local governments. Following is a list due from each type of government at June 30, 2020.

State of Arizona	\$ 797,483
City of Nogales	 39,664
Total	\$ 837,147

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Increases Decreases		Balance June 30, 2020	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 25,825	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,825	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Furniture and equipment	154,728	-	-	154,728	
Leasehold improvements	261,934	-	-	261,934	
Building	323,010			323,010	
Total	739,672	-		739,672	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Furniture and equipment	(151,498)	(610)	-	(152,108)	
Leasehold improvements	(192,083)	(17,462)	-	(209,545)	
Building	(76,357)	(11,827)	-	(88,184)	
Total	(419,938)	(29,899)		(449,837)	
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	319,734	(29,899)	-	289,835	
Governmental activities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·	
capital assets, net	\$ 345,559	\$ (29,899)	\$ -	\$ 315,660	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:

Aging programs \$	16,937
Economic and environmental planning	197
Transportation	746
Community Developmental Block Grant	144

Management and general 11,875

Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$ 29,899

NOTE 5 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation – Employees may earn annual vacation time based upon the number of years of employment. An employee is entitled to receive compensation for up to 160 hours of unused/unpaid vacation time upon termination of employment. A summary of changes in the liability for compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2020, follows:

Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ 23,133
Additions to compensated absences	37,018
Reductions to compensated absences	 (14,085)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 46,066

NOTE 6 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

Pension – Employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System. A summary of changes in the liability for the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2020, follows:

Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ 848,334
Increases to pension liability	 53,551
	\$ 901,885

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Payable to		
	General		
Payable from		Fund	
Transportation	\$	174,544	
Economic and Environmental Planning		118,294	
	\$	292,838	

Interfund receivables and payable above were necessary in order to fund the ongoing activities of the grant programs in current and prior periods.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - Continued

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Transfer to		
	Economic and		
Transfer from	Environmental Planning		
General Fund	30,960		
Area Agency on Aging	662		
Transportation	1,375		
Community Development	1,173		
	\$ 34,170		

NOTE 8 – CONTINGENT LIABILITY

SEAGO participates, as both a pass-through and a sub grantee, in several programs administered by federal and state agencies. Programs included in these financial statements may be subject to program compliance and/or financial monitoring by the granting agencies or representatives. Accordingly, the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

SEAGO is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, civil rights violations, and other natural disasters. SEAGO carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 – CONCENTRATIONS

Although SEAGO administers multiple government grant programs, SEAGO depends on two grants for approximately 98% of its grant revenue and 83% of total revenue included in these financial statements. These revenue sources are from the Aging and Adult Administration grant with the Arizona Department of Economic Security and Transportation grant with the Arizona Department of Transportation. Decreases in funding or discontinuance of these programs in future years may have a significant effect upon the operations of SEAGO.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SEAGO contributes to the pension plan described below. The plan is a component unit of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2020, SEAGO reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for the plan to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	Governmental Activities			
Net OPEB assets	\$	1,747		
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		901,885		
Deferred outflows of resources				
related to pension and OPEB		128,509		
Deferred inflows of resources				
related to pension and OPEB		62,282		
Pension and OPEB expense 107,2		107,244		

SEAGO reported \$79,625 of pension and OPEB expenditures in the governmental funds related to the pension plan to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – All eligible SEAGO employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:					
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011				
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55				
required to receive benefit	10 years age 62	25 years age 60				
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62				
	Any years age 65	5 years age 50*				
		Any years age 65				
Final annual calculation in based on	Highest 36 months of last 120	Highest 60 months of last 120				
Final average salary is based on	months	months				
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%				

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2020, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.11 percent (11.94 percent for retirement and 0.17 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required SEAGO to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.11 percent (11.45 percent for retirement, 0.49 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.17 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll.

In addition, SEAGO was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.41 percent (10.29 percent for retirement, 0.05 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for SEAGO in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. SEAGO's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2020, were \$75,285, \$3,222 and \$1,118, respectively.

During fiscal year 2020, SEAGO paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 18.01 percent from the General Fund, 34.63 percent from the Area Agency on Aging Fund, 31.06 percent from the Transportation Fund, 7.09 percent from the CDBG Fund, and 9.21 percent from the Economic Environmental Planning Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2020, SEAGO reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

	Net Pension/OPEB		
	(Asse	et) Liability	
Pension	\$	897,807	
Health insurance premium benefit		(1,747)	
Long-term disability		4,078	

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. SEAGO's proportion of the net assets or net liability was based on SEAGO's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

SEAGO's proportion measured as of June 30, 2019, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2018 were:

	Proportion	Increase (decrease)
	June 30, 2019	from June 30, 2018
Pension	0.00617%	0.00011%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.00632%	0.00014%
Long-term disability	0.00626%	0.00018%

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, SEAGO recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB
	Expense
Pension	103,710
Health insurance premium benefit	2,192
Long-term disability	1,342

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—At June 30, 2020, SEAGO reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

following sources.	Donoion				Health Insurance Premium Benefit				
	Pension Deferred Deferred			eferred	De	eferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of		
	Re	esources	Resources		Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other	\$	16,219	\$	169	\$	-	\$	2,088	
inputs Net difference between projected		3,795		35,752		3,435		-	
and actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between SEAGO		-		20,180		-		2,271	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions SEAGO contributions subsequent		24,188		1,729		9		6	
to the measurement date		75,285				3,222		-	
Total	\$	119,487	\$	57,830	\$	6,666	\$	4,365	
	1	Long-Term Disability							
	Deferred		Deferred						
		tflows of esources	Inflows of Resources						
D:66		csources		Sources					
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other	\$	482	\$	-					
inputs		610		-					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and		-		87					
differences between SEAGO contributions and proportionate share of contributions		146		-					
SEAGO contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,118							
Total	\$	2,356	\$	87					
	_								

June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting SEAGO contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

			Health	Insurance	Long-Term
Year ended June 30,	F	Pension		ım Benefit	Disability
2021	\$	3,744	\$	(755)	122
2022		(18,902)		(755)	122
2023		(3,875)		215	207
2024		5,405		423	222
2025		-		(49)	190
Thereafter		-		-	288

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

ASRS

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.5%
Projected salary increases	2.7 - 7.2% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit
Dagayamı matas	*
Recovery rates	2012 GLDT for long-term disability
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.50 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real
Equity	50%	6.09%
Credit	20%	5%
Interest rate sensative bonds	10%	1.62%
Real estate	20%	5.85%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of SEAGO's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents SEAGO's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what SEAGO's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

		Cur	rent Discount			
	 % Decrease (6.5%)		Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)		
SEAGO's Proportionate share of the Net pension liability Net insurance premium benefit liability	\$ 1,277,787	\$	897,807	\$	580,241	
(asset) Net long-term disability liability	8,847 4,513		(1,747) 4,078		(10,773) 3,656	

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of SEAGO's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2020

ASRS-Pension

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

			te)			
	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 2017 (2017) (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2010
SEAGO's proportion of the net pension liability	0.006170%	0.006060%	0.005800% 0.005970%	0.005760%	0.005336%	Information
SEAGO's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 897,807	\$ 845,157	\$ 903,527 \$ 963,618	\$ 896,852	\$ 789,615	not available
SEAGO's covered payroll	\$ 650,295	\$ 602,514	\$ 566,197 \$ 558,959	\$ 530,321	\$ 481,047	
SEAGO's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	138.06%	140.27%	159.58% 172.40%	169.11%	164.15%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.24%	73.40%	69.92% 67.06%	68.35%	69.49%	
ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit			Fiscal Year ment Date)			
	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 2017 through 2010			
SEAGO's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	0.006320%	0.006180%	0.005890% Information			
SEAGO's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$ (1,747)	\$ (2,225)	\$ (3,207) not available			
SEAGO's covered payroll	\$ 650,295	\$ 602,514	\$ 566,197			
SEAGO's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-0.27%	-0.37%	-0.57%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	101.62%	102.20%	103.57%			

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of SEAGO's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2020

ASRS-Long-Term Disability

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

		2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)	2017 through 2010
SEAGO's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	(0.006260%	(0.006080%	(0.005830%	Information
SEAGO's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	4,078	\$	3,177	\$	2,113	not available
SEAGO's covered payroll	\$	650,295	\$	602,514	\$	566,197	
SEAGO's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a		0.63%		0.53%		0.37%	
percentage of its covered-employee payroll							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		72.85%		77.83%		84.44%	
OPEB liability							

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of SEAGO Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2020

ASRS-Pension

ASAS-1 CISION								Reporting	Fisca	ıl Year					
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2010
Statutorily required contribution SEAGO's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution SEAGO's contribution deficiency (excess) SEAGO's covered payroll SEAGO's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ \$ \$	75,285 (75,285) - 657,511 11.45%	\$ \$	72,703 (72,703) - 650,295 11.18%	\$ \$	65,674 (65,674) - 602,514 10.90%	\$ \$ \$	61,036 (61,036) - 566,197 10.78%	\$ \$ \$	60,647 (60,647) - 558,959 10.85%	\$ \$	57,752 (57,752) - 530,321 10.89%	\$ \$ \$	51,472 (51,472) - 481,047 10.70%	Information not available
ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit				Rej	porti	ing Fiscal Yo	ear								
		2020		2019		2018		2017	201	16 through 2010					
Statutorily required contribution SEAGO's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution SEAGO's contribution deficiency (excess) SEAGO's covered payroll SEAGO's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ \$	3,222 (3,222) - 657,511	\$ \$ \$	2,991 (2,991) - 650,295	\$ \$ \$	2,651 (2,651) - 602,514	\$ \$	3,171 (3,171) - 566,197		formation t available					

0.46%

0.44%

0.56%

0.49%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of SEAGO Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2020

ASRS-Long-Term Disability

v	Reporting Fiscal Year										
	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016 through 2010		
Statutorily required contribution SEAGO's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	1,118	\$	1,041	\$	964	\$	793	Information not available		
required contribution		(1,118)		(1,041)		(964)		(793)			
SEAGO's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
SEAGO's covered payroll	\$	657,511	\$	650,295	\$	602,514	\$	566,197			
SEAGO's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.17%		0.16%		0.16%		0.14%			



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Executive Board Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise SEAGO's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered SEAGO's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SEAGO's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of SEAGO's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did

identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and response that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-01 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the SEAGO's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standard*.

Organization's Response to Findings

SEAGO's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. SEAGO's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

Colby + Powell

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 19, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Executive Board Southeastern Arizona Governments Organization Bisbee, Arizona

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the South Eastern Arizona Governments Organization (SEAGO) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the SEAGO's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. SEAGO's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the SEAGO's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about SEAGO's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the SEAGO's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the SEAGO complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the SEAGO is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the SEAGO's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the SEAGO's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Colby + Powell
March 19, 2021

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed through the Arizona Department of Economic Security Aging Cluster					
Special Programs for the AgingTitle III, Part B					
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	ADES15-089126	\$ 562,849	\$ 587,527	
Special Programs for the AgingTitle III, Part C					
Nutrition Services	93.045	ADES15-089126	784,704	784,704	
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	ADES15-089126	104,146	104,146	
Total Aging Cluster			1,451,699	1,476,377	
Special Programs for the Aging-Title Vii, Chapter 3, Programs					
for Prevention of Elder Abuse, Neglect, and Exploitation	93.041	ADES15-089126	-	2,858	
Special Programs for the Aging-Title VII, Chapter 2-Long					
Term Care Ombudsman Services For Older Individuals	93.042	ADES15-089126	-	10,568	
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part D-Disease					
Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043	ADES15-089126	-	23,642	
Special Programs for the Aging, Title IV, and Title II,					
Discretionary Projects	93.048	ADES15-089126	-	6,804	
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	ADES15-089126	128,568	153,246	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	ADES15-089126	855,860	855,860	
Medicare Entollment Assistance Program	93.071	ADES15-089126	-	25,200	
State Health Insurance Assistance Program	93.324	ADES15-089126		27,149	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,436,127	2,581,704	
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Passed through the Arizona Department of Transportation					
Transit Services Programs Cluster					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	GRT-19-0007501-T	-	151,016	
Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and					
Non-Metropolitan Planning	20.505	GRT-19-0007312-T	-	74,175	
Cares - Metropolitan Transportation Planning and State and					
Non-Metropolitan Planning	20.505	GRT-19-0007312-T	-	93,210	
Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program Enhanced Mobility of Seniors	20.509	GRT-19-0007312-T		18,336	
and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	GRT-19-0007501-T		161,858	
Total Department of Transportation				498,595	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards-continued Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Commerce				
Economic Development_Support for Planning Organizations Total U.S. Department of Commerce	11.302	07-83-06852		75,000 75,000
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed through the Arizona Department of Housing Community Development Block Grant/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urgan Development	14.228	148-17		7,790 7,790
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Passed through the Arizona Department of Enviornmental Quality Water Quality Management Planning	66.454	GSC-2015-00006		4,163
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				4,163
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 2,436,127	\$ 3,167,252

SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS ORGANIZATION Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of SEAGO under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of SEAGO, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net position of SEAGO.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual/accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. SEAGO has not elected to use the 10% *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMNETS ORGANIZATION Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of audit	or's report issued		Unmodifi	ed	
Internal contr	ol over financial reporting:				
	Material weakness(es) identified?		_Yes	X	_No
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	X	_Yes		_No
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	X	_No
Federal Awa	<u>rds</u>				
Internal contr	ol over major federal programs:				
	Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	_No
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		_Yes	X	_No
Type of audit	or's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:		Unmodifi	ed	
Any audit find with CFR 200	dings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance 0.516(a)?		_Yes	X	_No
Identification CFDA	of major federal programs:				
Number	Name of Federal Program				
	Aging Cluster				
	Special Programs for the AgingTitle III, Part B				
93.044	Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers				
	Special Programs for the AgingTitle III, Part C				
93.045	Nutrition Services				
93.053	Nutrition Services Incentive				
Dollar thresho	old used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$750,000)	
Auditee quali	fied as low-risk auditee?		Yes	X	No

SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMNETS ORGANIZATION Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs - Continued June 30, 2020

Financial Statement Findings

Item: 2020-01

Subject: Preparation of the working trial balance

Criteria/Specific Requirements: SEAGO should prepare a more complete and accurate working trial balance prior to the start of the audit.

Condition: SEAGO did not have a complete and accurate working trial balance prior to the start of the audit.

Effect: A misstatement could occur and not be detected by management within a timely manner.

Cause: SEAGO did not maintain procedures to ensure that the trial balance was properly prepared.

Recommendation: The working trial balance should require very few accounting adjustments prior to the start of the annual audit. All material and necessary journal entries that are known to the SEAGO management should be recorded in the trial balance.

Response: Management agrees with this finding and will ensure that all material adjustments are posted to the general ledger prior to the audit.

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA GOVERNMNETS ORGANIZATION Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2020

The status of audit findings from the prior year is as follows:

Item: 2019-01 - Preparation of the working trial balance

Condition: SEAGO did not have a complete and accurate working trial balance prior to the start of the audit.

Status: This finding was partially corrected and was reduced from a material weakness to a significant deficiency. The remaining deficiency related to preparation of the working trail balance is reported as financial statement finding 2020-001.

Item: 2019-02 - Bank reconciliation procedures

Condition: At the time of our audit it was noted that SEAGO did not reconcile cash for its checking account during the year in a timely manner, which led to misstatements of the year-end balances. Misstatements were corrected with client approved audit adjustments.

Status: No similar finding was noted for 2020.

Item: 2019-03 - Reconciliation of payroll liability accounts

Condition: At the time of the audit, SEAGO had balances in many of its payroll liability accounts which usually should not have such balances. Such balances were made up of misstatements due to error, which were corrected with client approved audit adjustments.

Status: No similar finding was noted for 2020.